



## Transcript

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### President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation,

Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, by virtue of the power in me vested as Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, in time of actual armed rebellion against the authority and government of the United States, and as a fit and necessary war measure for suppressing said rebellion, do, on this first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty three, and in accordance with my purpose so to do publicly proclaimed for the full period of one hundred days from the day of the first above mentioned order, and designate as the States and parts of States wherein the people thereof respectively are this day in rebellion against the United States, the following to wit: Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana - except the parishes of St. Bernard, Plaquemines, Jefferson, St. John, St. Charles, St. James, Ascension, Assumption, Terre Bonne, Lafouche, St. Mary, St. Martin, and Orleans, including the city of New Orleans - Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, and Virginia - except the forty eight counties designated as West Virginia, and also the counties of Berkeley, Accomac, Northhampton, Elizabeth City, York, Princess Ann, and Norfolk, including the cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth, and which excepted parts are, for the present, left precisely as if this proclamation were not issued.

And by virtue of the power and for the purpose aforesaid, I do order and declare that all persons held as slaves within said designated States and parts of States are and henceforward shall be free: and that the executive government of the United States, including the military and naval authorities thereof, will recognize and maintain the freedom of said persons.

And I hereby enjoin upon the people so declared to be free to abstain from all violence; unless in necessary self defense: and I recommend to them that in all cases when allowed, they labor faithfully for reasonable wages.

And I further declare and make known that such persons, of suitable condition, will be received into the armed service of the United States, to garrison forts, positions, stations, and other places, and to man vessels of all sorts in said service.

And upon this, sincerely believed to be an act of justice, warranted by the Constitution, upon military necessity. I invoke the considerate judgment of mankind and the gracious favor of Almighty God  
Abraham Lincoln

Executed and published by F.S. Butler, 1864. Printed by L. Nagel.

Entered according to Act of Congress, the year 1864, by F.S. Butler, in the Clerks Office of the District Court of the Northern District of California.

## Emancipation Proclamation Worksheet

In your own words, give the meaning of each of the following four excerpts from the Emancipation Proclamation:

"I do order and declare that all persons held as slaves within said designated States, and parts of States, are, and henceforward shall be free..."

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"...and that the Executive government of the United States, including the military and naval authorities thereof, will recognize and maintain the freedom of said persons."

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"And I hereby enjoin upon the people so declared to be free to abstain from all violence, unless in necessary self-defense..."

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"And I further declare and make known, that such persons of suitable condition, will be received into the armed service of the United States to garrison, forts, positions, stations, and other places, and to man vessels of all sorts in said service."

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## Character Sheet

Take the role of a person in one of the following groups: Enslaved People, Free Blacks in the North, Abolitionists, Plantation Owner in the South, Union Soldier, Confederate Soldier, Factory Workers in the North, Factory Owners. Provide written answers about your person to the questions below:

Identify the group your person represents:

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Prepare a brief biography of your person:

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Speaking as that person, explain how you would have viewed slavery:

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Speaking as that person, explain whether or not you would have supported the Emancipation Proclamation:

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State one argument that a person from one of the other groups would have given in response to your point of view:

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